

Official PostgreSQL 8.3 PL/pgSQL Documentation URL: <http://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/static/plpgsql.html>

We cover only a subset of what we feel are the most useful constructs that we could squash in a single cheatsheet page.

commonly used ¹ New in this release.

FUNCTION CACHING	RETURN constructs
IMMUTABLE STABLE VOLATILE	RETURN <i>somevariable</i> RETURN NEXT <i>rowvariable</i> RETURN QUERY ¹
CONTROL FLOW	RAISE FAMILY
FOR <i>i</i> IN 1 ... <i>numtimes</i> LOOP <i>statements</i> END LOOP;	RAISE DEBUG[1-5] RAISE EXCEPTION RAISE INFO RAISE LOG RAISE NOTICE
FOR <i>i</i> IN REVERSE <i>numtimes</i> ... 1 LOOP <i>statements</i> END LOOP;	EXCEPTION Handling
FOR <i>var_e</i> IN EXECUTE('somedynamicsql') LOOP <i>statements</i> RETURN NEXT <i>var_e</i> ; END LOOP;	RAISE EXCEPTION 'Exception notice: %', var EXCEPTION WHEN <i>condition</i> THEN <i>do something or</i> <i>leave blank to ignore</i> END;
FOR <i>var_e</i> IN <i>somesql</i> LOOP <i>statements</i> RETURN NEXT <i>var_e</i> ; END LOOP;	COMMON States and Error constants
IF <i>condition</i> THEN : END IF;	FOUND ROW_COUNT division_by_zero no_data_found too_many_rows uniqueViolation
IF <i>condition</i> THEN : ELSE : END IF;	Variable Setting
IF <i>condition</i> . THEN : ELSIF <i>condition</i> THEN : ELSE : END IF;	DECLARE <i>somevar sometype</i> := <i>somevalue</i> ; <i>somevar sometype</i> <i>curs1 refcursor</i> ; <i>curs2 CURSOR</i> FOR SELECT * FROM <i>sometable</i> ; <i>somevar</i> := <i>somevalue</i> SELECT <i>field1, field2</i> INTO <i>somevar1, somevar2</i> FROM <i>sometable</i> WHERE .. LIMIT 1;
WHILE <i>condition</i> LOOP : END LOOP;	Return types
LOOP -- some computations EXIT WHEN <i>count</i> > 100; CONTINUE WHEN <i>count</i> < 50; -- some computations for <i>count</i> IN [50 .. 100] END LOOP;	RETURNS <i>somedatatype</i> RETURNS SETOF <i>somedatatype</i> RETURNS <i>refcursor</i> RETURNS <i>trigger</i> RETURNS void
PLPGSQL FUNCTION SAMPLES	QUALIFIERS
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION <i>fn_test</i> (<i>param_arg1</i> integer, <i>param_arg2</i> text) RETURNS text AS \$\$ DECLARE <i>var_a</i> integer := 0; <i>var_b</i> text := 'test test test'; BEGIN RAISE NOTICE 'Pointless example to demonstrate a point'; RETURN <i>var_b</i> ' - ' CAST(<i>param_arg1</i> As text) ' - ' <i>param_arg2</i> ; END \$\$ LANGUAGE 'plpgsql' STABLE; SELECT <i>fn_test</i> (10, 'test');	SECURITY DEFINER STRICT COST <i>cost_metric</i> ¹ ROWS <i>est_num_rows</i> ¹

<pre>--Example to RETURN QUERY -- CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION <i>fnpysql_get_peoplebylname_key</i>(<i>param_lname</i> text) RETURNS SETOF int AS \$\$ BEGIN RETURN QUERY SELECT name_key FROM people WHERE last_name LIKE param_lname; END \$\$ LANGUAGE 'plpgsql' STABLE; --Example using dynamic query -- CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION <i>cp_addtextfield</i>(<i>param_schema_name</i> text, <i>param_table_name</i> text, <i>param_column_name</i> text) RETURNS text AS \$\$ BEGIN EXECUTE 'ALTER TABLE ' quote_ident(<i>param_schema_name</i>) '.' quote_ident(<i>param_table_name</i>) ' ADD COLUMN ' quote_ident(<i>param_column_name</i>) ' text '; RETURN 'done'; END; \$\$ LANGUAGE 'plpgsql' VOLATILE; SELECT <i>cp_addtextfield</i>('public', 'employees', 'resume');</pre>	<pre>--Perform action -- CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION <i>cp_updatesometable</i>(<i>param_id</i> bigint, <i>param_lname</i> varchar(50), <i>param_fname</i> varchar(50)) RETURNS void AS \$\$ BEGIN UPDATE people SET first_name = param_fname, last_name = param_lname WHERE name_key = param_id; END; \$\$ LANGUAGE 'plpgsql' VOLATILE SECURITY DEFINER; --Sample logging trigger taken from docs CREATE TABLE emp_audit(operation char(1) NOT NULL, stamp timestamp NOT NULL, userid text NOT NULL, empname text NOT NULL, salary integer); CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION <i>process_emp_audit</i>() RETURNS TRIGGER AS \$\$ BEGIN -- Create a row in emp_audit to reflect the operation performed on emp, -- make use of the special variable TG_OP to work out the operation. IF (TG_OP = 'DELETE') THEN INSERT INTO emp_audit SELECT 'D', now(), current_user, OLD.*; RETURN OLD; ELSIF (TG_OP = 'UPDATE') THEN INSERT INTO emp_audit SELECT 'U', now(), current_user, NEW.*; RETURN NEW; ELSIF (TG_OP = 'INSERT') THEN INSERT INTO emp_audit SELECT 'I', now(), current_user, NEW.*; RETURN NEW; END IF; RETURN NULL; -- result is ignored since this is an AFTER trigger END; \$\$ LANGUAGE plpgsql; CREATE TRIGGER emp_audit AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON emp FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE PROCEDURE <i>process_emp_audit</i>();</pre>
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